TRX NATURAL TO PROPANE CONVERSION INSTRUCTIONS

For Qualified Technician Installation Instructions



WARNING

This conversion kit shall be installed by a qualified service agency in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and all applicable codes and requirements of the authority having jurisdiction. If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire, an explosion or production of carbon monoxide may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life. The qualified service agency is responsible for the proper installation of this kit. THE INSTALLATION IS NOT PROPER AND COMPLETE UNTIL THE OPERATION OF THE CONVERTED APPLIANCE IS CHECKED AS SPECIFIED IN THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS SUPPLIED WITH THE KIT, WHICH NECESSITATES THE USE OF A CALIBRATED CO₂/O₂ AND CO COMBUSTION ANALYZER.



Part 0. General Safety information

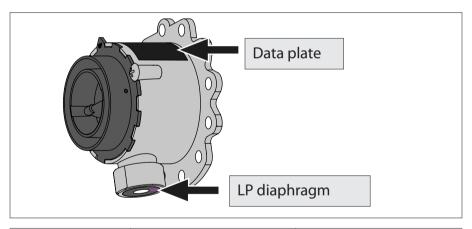
NTI boilers are factory set to operate with Natural Gas. BEFORE OPERATING WITH PROPANE the boiler must be converted to Propane using this kit. Use the procedures outlined in these instructions to fully complete the Natural Gas to LP conversion for models

TRX085, TRX120, TRX110C and TRX150C.

IF THE KIT CONTENTS DO NOT MATCH THOSE SPECIFIED FOR YOUR BOILER MODEL (SEE TABLE 1), DO NOT PROCEED WITH INSTALLING THE LP-CONVERSION KIT, AND DO NOT OPERATE THE BOILER - CONTACT NTI FOR ASSISTANCE.

Kit Contents:

Natural to LP Conversion Instructions nr. 1
 LP Conversion Label nr. 1
 LP-Mixer w. Diaphragm (Table 1) nr. 1
 Gasket for gas pipe nr. 2



Model	Customer code (MIXER data plate)	LP diaphragm Ø in (mm)
TRX150C TRX120	400080007800 or 400080007801	6.0 mm
TRX110C	400080007600 or 400080007801	5 5 mm
TRX085	400080022500 or 400080022501	5.5 mm

Table 1 - LP Mixer and Gas diaphragm

! WARNING

These instructions CANNOT be used to convert NTI appliance models not referenced in these instructions. Contact NTI for the Natural Gas to LP conversion kit and instructions for other models.

Failure to apply these instructions properly may result in dangerous Carbon Monoxide levels, fire or explosion leading to property damage, personal injury or death.

ATTENTION:

LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM (LP) PROPANE

Liquefied Petroleum (LP) propane gas is heavier than air; therefore, it is imperative that your boiler is not installed in a pit or similar location that will permit heavier than air gas to collect.

Local Codes may require appliances fueled with LP gas be provided with an approved means of removing unburned gases from the room. Check your local codes for this requirement.

A WARNING

Breathing Hazard - Carbon Monoxide Gas



- Do not operate heater if flood damaged.
- Install vent system in accordance with local codes and manufacturers installation instructions.
- Do not obstruct heater air intake or exhaust. Support all vent piping per manufacturers installation instructions.
- Do not place chemical vapor emitting products near unit.
- According to NFPA 720, carbon monoxide detectors should be installed outside each sleeping area.
- Never operate the heater unless it is vented to the outdoors.
- Analyze the entire vent system to make sure that condensate will not become trapped in a section of vent pipe and therefore reduce the open cross sectional area of the vent.

Breathing carbon monoxide can cause brain damage or death.

Always read and understand instruction manual.

LP-304

Part 1 Propane Conversion Procedure

- 1. Install LP-Mixer with LP-Diaphragm
- a. Check that the code of the air / gas mixer and the diameter of the gas diaphragm are those indicated for the model of boiler to be converted – see Table 1.
- **b.** Turn the 120VAC power supply OFF to the boiler.
- c. Turn the gas supply OFF.
- **d.** Remove the front cover from the unit and rotate the control box.

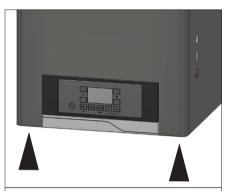




Figure 1 - Removing Housing



Figure 2 - Rotate the Control box

e. Unhook the electrical connection box.

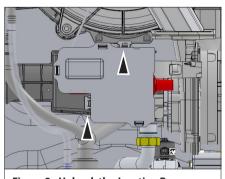


Figure 3 - Unhook the Junction Box

f. Unhook the junction box support from the fan and silencer.

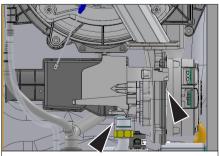


Figure 4 - Unhook the Junction Box support

g. Remove the silencer.

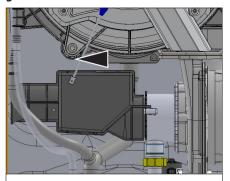


Figure 5 - Remove the silencer

h. Unscrew the two nuts and remove the gas pipe.

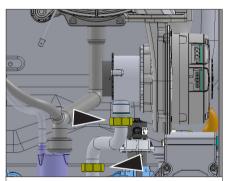


Figure 6 - Remove the gas pipe

i. Remove the three bolts securing the NG-mixer to the blower; remove the NG-Mixer together with the NG Diaphragm. Save these parts in-case the boiler needs to be converted back to Natural Gas at a later date.

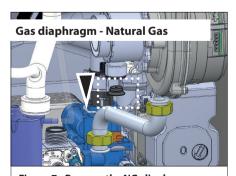


Figure 7 - Remove the NG-diaphragm

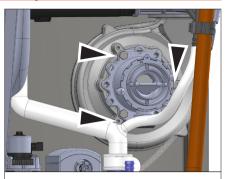


Figure 8 - Remove the NG-mixer

j. Secure the LP-Mixer (with LP Diaphragm) to the blower, reusing the bolts from the previous step.
NOTICE: Verify the O-ring seal between the mixer and blower is correctly positioned and in good condition before assembling.

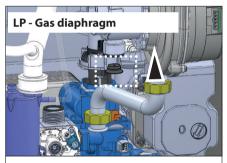


Figure 9 - Insert the LP-diaphragm

- **K.** Reassemble the gas pipe to the gas valve and mixer.
- ATTENTION!! Use the new rubber gaskets provided with the kit.
- **I.** Install the silencer and apply the support bracket.
- m. Hook the electrical connection box.

Part 1 Propane Conversion Procedure

- 2. Perform preliminary adjustment on gas valve throttle screw 4.
- **a.** TRX085 and TRX120 Adjust throttle screw 4 counter-clockwise 1.5 turns.
- TRX110C and TRX150C Adjust throttle screw 4 counter-clockwise 3 turns.
- **c.** Turn the gas supply on and test for gas leaks in all piping.
- **d.** Perform gas line pressure test and combustion calibration in accordance with Parts 2 and 3.

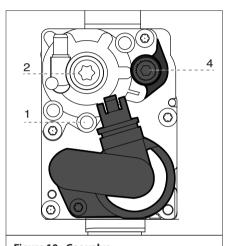


Figure 10 - Gas valve

Part 2. Gas valve and burner setup

! WARNING

Failure to perform the Gas Valve and Burner Setup correctly may result in incorrect operation, component failure, property damage, serious injury or death.

1. Operating Sequence

Prior to commencing the Gas Valve and Burner Setup, perform the following operating sequence check:

- **a.** Turn the supply of gas to the boiler off.
- **b.** Set the thermostat to the highest setting.
- **c.** Ensure the combustion fan pre-purges for a short time prior to activating the igniter.
- **d.** Ensure the combustion fan post-purges for at least 5 seconds prior to reactivating the igniter.
- e. Set the thermostat to the lowest setting and continue with the Gas Valve and Burner Setup procedure outlined below.

2. Gas Line pressure

The boiler gas valve is equipped with a Line Pressure Test Port; see Figure 10.
Use the following procedure to measure the gas line pressure to the boiler to ensure it falls within the range given in Table 2:

- a. Turn the supply of gas to the boiler off.
- b. Loosen screw 1 (Torx 10 Line Pressure Test Port). This port is directly connected to the gas line feeding the boiler. See Figure 10.
- c. Connect a gas pressure gauge to the line pressure test port using applicable tubing. Ensure both ends of the tubing make a tight connection.
- **d.** Turn the gas supply to the boiler on and check for gas leaks.
- Observe the line pressure under static conditions and compare it to Table 2.
 The pressure will be greatest under static conditions.
- f. Observe the line pressure with the boiler running, while checking/adjusting the CO2 at maximum and minimum gas flow rate (see Part. 3). Compare it to Table 2. The pressure will be lowest during the maximum flow of gas.

- g. Adjust the gas line pressure to ensure the parameters in Table 2 are attained under all conditions
 - If possible, adjust the line pressure to the "Nominal/Desired" value listed in Table 2 while the unit is operating at the maximum DHW power.
 - Continue observing gas line pressure until completing of necessary Checking/Adjusting of the CO₂ (see Part 3), in case adjustments need to be made.
- h. Complete pressure testing. Remove the tubing from the test port and then return the bleed screw of the Line Pressure Test Port to the closed position. Check for gas leaks.

	Line Pressure (inches w.c.)			
	Nominal	Min.	Max.	
Natural	7	3.5	10.5	
Propane	11	8	13	

Table 2 - Line Pressure Parameters



DANGER

Failure to close the bleed screw of the Line Pressure Test Port will cause a severe leakage of gas, resulting in a fire or explosion causing property damage, serious injury or death.

NOTICE

The line pressure is a function of the gas supply and is affected solely by field provided parameters such as line size and regulator settings. Under no circumstances can the boiler gas valve influence or be used to adjust the gas line pressure.

! WARNING

Adjustments to the Gas valve may only be made by a qualified gas technician, while using a calibrated combustion analyzer capable of measuring CO₂ and CO. Adjustments may only be performed if the gas line pressure is maintained above minimum levels throughout the duration of the test. See Table 3. Failure to follow these instructions may result in serious injury or death.

I WARNING

FAILURE TO PERFORM THE FLUE GAS ANALYSIS AND ADJUSTMENT AS DETAILED IN THIS SECTION MAY RESULT IN ERRATIC AND UNRELIABLE BURNER OPERATION. LEADING TO REDUCED EFFICIENCY. INCREASED FUEL CONSUMPTION. REDUCED COMPONENT LIFE. HEAT EXCHANGER COMBUSTION DEPOSITS, AND GENERAL UNSAFE OPERATION, FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

1. Preparing the measuring equipment Remove the flue test port plug as illustrated, and insert a calibrated combustion analyzer.

NOTICE

Make sure the analyzer is set to the appropriate fuel.

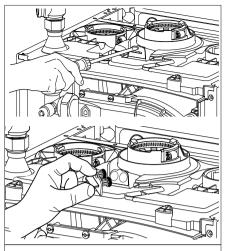


Figure 11 - Combustion Test Port

! WARNING

It is required to use a calibrated combustion analyzer to verify final adjustment according to the combustion chart (Table 3). Failure to do so could result in serious personal injury or death.

! WARNING

It is very important that the combustion system be set within recommended CO₂/CO measurements listed in Table 3. Visually looking at the burner does not determine combustion quality. Failure to measure combustion with а calibrated combustion analyzer and set the throttle within the recommended CO₂/ CO measurements could result in property damage, severe personal injury, or death.

Part 3. Checking/Adjusting the CO2

Checking/Adjusting the CO₂ at MAXIMUM Gas Flow Rate (High Fan Speed)

Set the thermostat at the highest possible setting or draw off the domestic hot water at the maximum water flow rate to create a demand for heat.

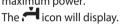
Note: For only Heating Boiler Applications, open all thermostatic valves present in the CH circuit.

Select the TEST Function by pressing and holding the RESET button for 10 seconds. WARNING! When the Test Function is activated the temperature of the water coming out of the boiler may be more than 150°E

TEST and the 'IIII icon will appear on the display when Test Function is active.
The boiler will operate at maximum heating

power.

Press the button to operate the boiler at maximum power.







Wait 1 minute for the boiler to stabilize before carrying out the combustion analyses. Read the CO₂ value (%) and compare it with the values given in the table below:

Gas	CO ₂ (%)	CO MAX (ppm)			
Natural	8.7 to 9.7	175			
Propane	9.5 to 10.5	175			

Table 3 - CO2 max-min

ATTENTION: The CO₂ at minimum gas flow must not be set higher than the CO₂ reading a maximum gas flow; it may be set lower by as much as 0.3%, e.g., if CO₂ at Max. = 9.2%, CO₂ at Min. = 8.9-9.2%

ATTENTION!! Values must be obtained with the front cover installed.

If the CO₂ reading differs from the values given in the table, then adjust the gas valve following the instructions below. Otherwise move directly to next operation.

ADJUSTING THE GAS VALVE AT MAXIMUM GAS FLOW

Adjust the gas valve by turning setting screw **4** clockwise to increase the CO₂ level; counterclockwise to reduce the CO₂ level (1 turn adjusts the CO₂ level by approximately 0.3%). Wait 1 minute after each change in setting for the CO₂ value to stabilize.

If the value measured corresponds to the value given in Table 3, max adjustment is complete.

he ble nt Figure 12 - Max CO2

Otherwise continue the setting procedure.

Adjustment

ATTENTION!!

Test Function will automatically deactivate after 30 minutes. Test Function can be turned off manually by pressing the RESET button.

3. Checking/Adjusting the CO₂ at MINIMUM Gas Flow (Low Fan Speed)

With Test Function active, press the button to operate the boiler at minimum DHW power. The and icons will display.



Wait 1 minute for the boiler to stabilize before carrying out the combustion analyses.

Part 3. Checking/Adjusting the CO2

If the CO₂ (%) reading at min gas flow is greater than the CO₂ (%) reading at max flow, or if it is less than the reading at max flow by more than 0.3%, adjust the gas valve following the instructions below. Otherwise move directly to next operation.

Adjusting the Gas Valve at Minimum **Gas Flow**

Remove cap and adjust screw 2 by turning counterclockwise to reduce the CO₂ level: clockwise to increase the CO2 level. Wait 1 minute after each adjustment

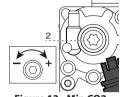


Figure 13 - Min CO2 **Adjustment**

for the CO₂ value to stabilize.

WARNING! Minimum Gas Flow Adjustment is very sensitive.

If the value measured corresponds to the value given in Table 3 adjustment is complete. Otherwise continue the setting procedure.

ATTENTION!! If the value of the CO₂ at minimum power has been changed, it is necessary to repeat the adjusting at maximum gas flow.

4. Ending Adjustment

- 1. Exit Test Mode by pressing RESET.
- 2. Turn down the thermostat and / or stop the DHW draw-off. For Only Heating Boiler applications reset all thermostatic
- 3. Reinstall the combustion test port. See Figure 11.
- 4. Check for and repair any leaks of gas.
- 5. Reinstall the front cover.

WARNING

Carbon Monoxide Never leave the unit operating while producing Carbon Monoxide (CO) concentrations in excess of the values indicated in Table 3. Failure to follow this warning may result in serious injury or death.



Model	Minimum Gas Flow			CH Maximum Gas Flow		DHW Maximum Gas Flow			
	P.233 (%)	RPM	МВН	P.234 (%)	RPM	МВН	P.232 (%)	RPM	МВН
TRX085	3	1216	9.4	61	5392	85	61	5392	85
TRX110C	3	1216	11.2	71	6112	106	77	6544	114
TRX120	2	1144	13.2	73	6256	120	73	6256	120
TRX150C	2	1144	13.2	73	6256	120	93	7696	150

- 1. Canada: Altitudes between 2000-4500 ft, de-rate by 10%. Consult local authorities for de-rating for altitudes above 4500ft.
- 2. USA: De-rate capacity by 4% for every 1000 ft above sea level, if altitude is above 2000 ft.

Table 4 Minimum and Maximum Gas Flow

5. Update rating plate

As the certified installer of the Natural Gas to LP Conversion Kit, you must indicate on the boiler that it has been converted for use with Propane (LP) Gas:

a. Update Rating Plate Decal – Locate the rating plate decal on the side of the appliance. Using a regular ink pen, check the box next to "Field converted to Propane Gas" and fill in the date. Press hard enough to permanently mark the decal. See Figure 14.

FACTORY SET FOR NATURAL GAS Field converted to Propane Gas Date: October 22,2018		ADJUSTER A L'USINE POUR GAZ NATURAL Convertie au propane sur place Date:		
Gas Pressure [Pression du Gaz]		Natural [Naturel]	Propane	
Maximum Inlet Gas Pressure [Pression maximale d'entrée du gaz]		10.5" wc [2.6 kPa]	13" wc [3.2 kPa]	
Minimum Inlet Gas Pressure [Pression minimum d'entrée du gaz]		3,5" wc [1 kPa]	8" wc [2 kPa]	
Manifold Pressure [Pression d'admission]		0" wc [0 kPa]	0" wc [0 kPa]	

Figure 14 - Update the Rating Plate Decal

b. Conversion Decal - Fill out the required information on the Conversion Decal (included in this kit) and affix it to the boiler cabinet adjacent to the rating plate decal, in a location where it can be easily seen. See Figure 15.

THIS CONTROL WAS CONVERTED FOR USE WITH PROPANE GAS

This appliance has been converted for use	e with Propane Gas, in accordance with the
instructions provided with the Natural to	Propane Conversion Kit
by John Smith	, which accepts responsibility that
the conversion was performed properly. $ \\$	
Reference rating plate for	Propane Input and Gas Pressure
	420060882600
Figure 15 - Conversion Decal	



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